

Responsibility Driven Design with Mock Objects

Tell, don't ask!

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QWAN

Quality Without A Name

XP Days Benelux, 20 November 2008



Agenda

- About us
- Responsibility driven design
- Mocking & test driven development
- Demo
- Guidelines & Issues
- Summary



About us

Independent
(Agile) software development coaches
Trainers
Facilitators
Consultants
Developers



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www.qwan.it



www.agileopen.net



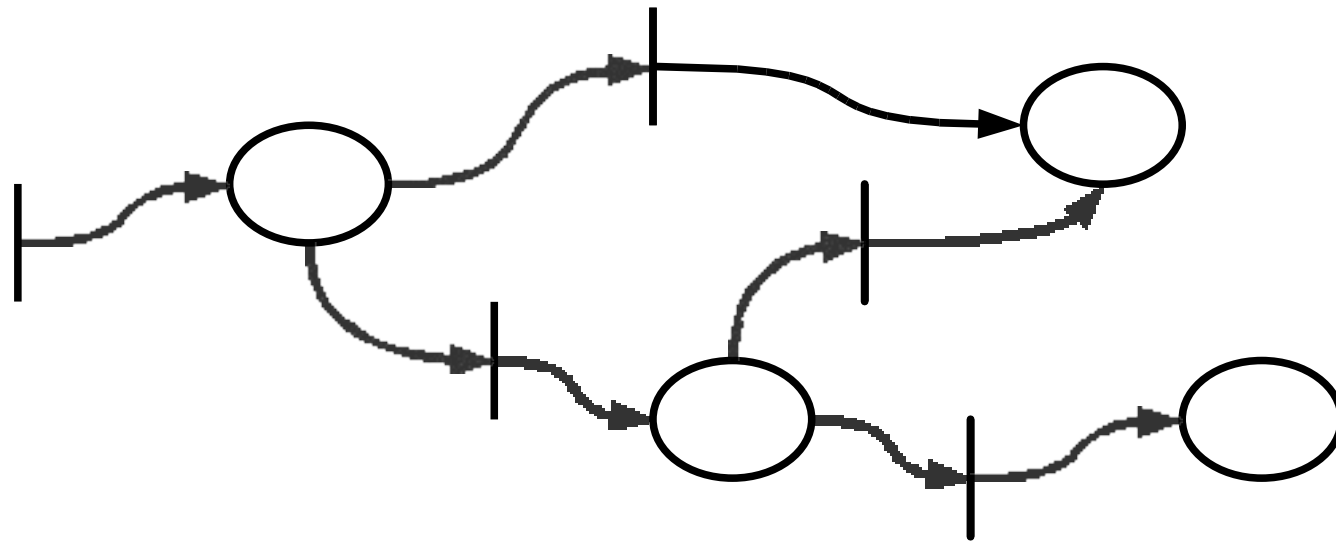
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Responsibility Driven Design

object has *responsibilities* and *collaborates* with others to fulfill its responsibilities



objects do stuff they can....

objects do stuff they can....

... and delegate the rest

Responsibility Driven Design

- Describe object in terms of
 - services it provides
 - services it requires from collaborators
- Focus on behaviour, roles & interactions
 - not data and state



CRC cards

Workflow Process

Guides work items through tasks	Task Workitem
---------------------------------	------------------

Task

Makes owner work on work items	Workitem Owner
--------------------------------	-------------------

Tell, don't ask

avoid train wrecks

```
process.getFirstTask().getOwner().workOn(workItem)
```



express intent

```
process.start(workItem)
```

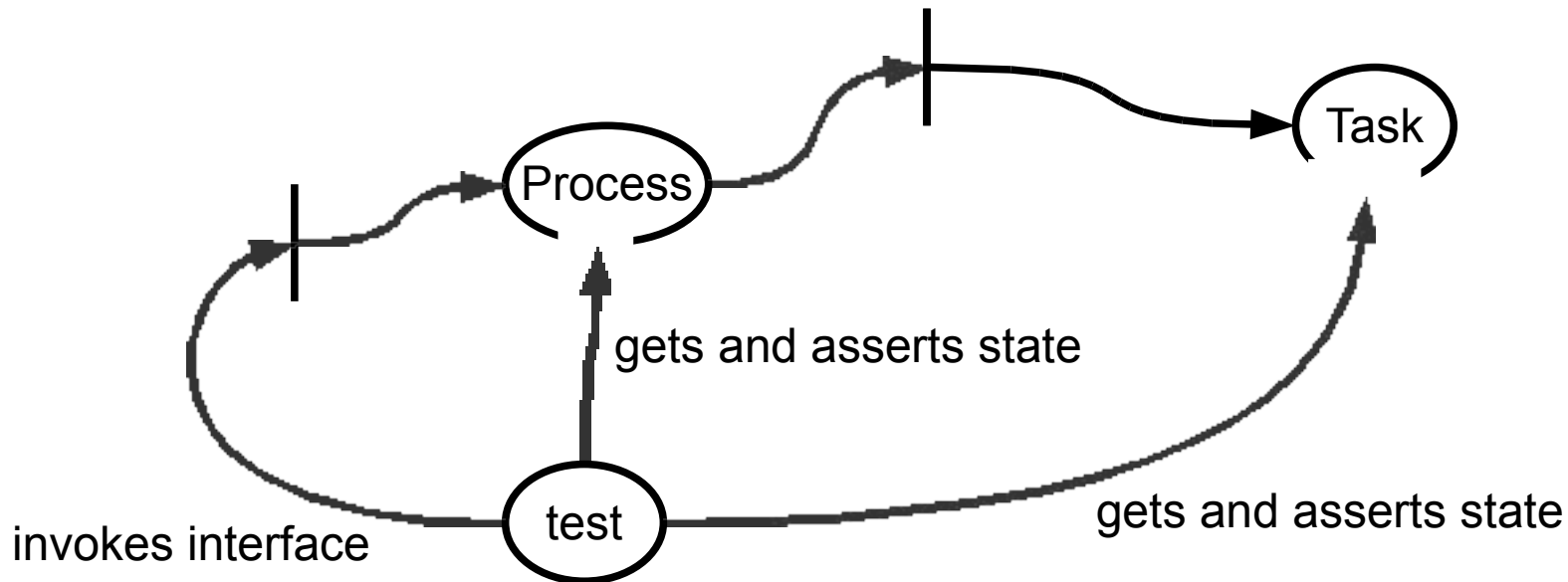
Test driven development

- Tests drive design
- Design activity
- ...and you get a lot of tests too!



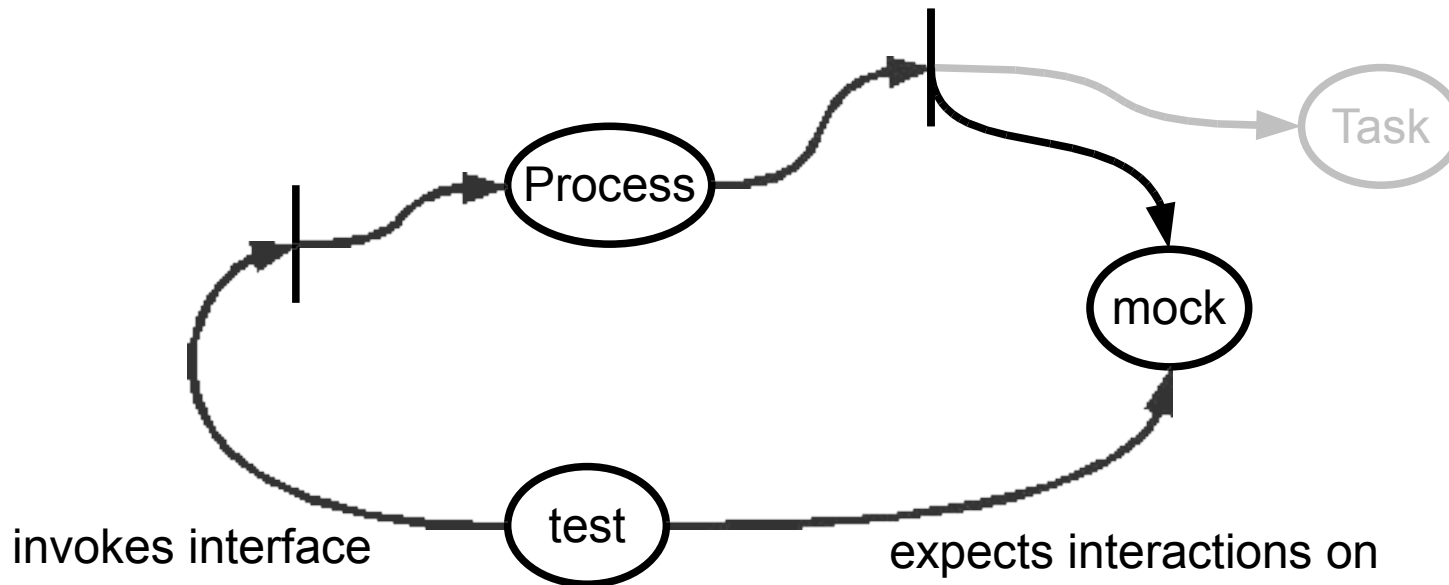
State based testing

```
testStartWorkflowProcess {  
    task = new SimpleTask();  
    process = new WorkflowProcess(task);  
    process.start(workItem);  
    assertTrue(task.isStarted());  
    assertSame(workItem, task.getWorkItem());  
}
```



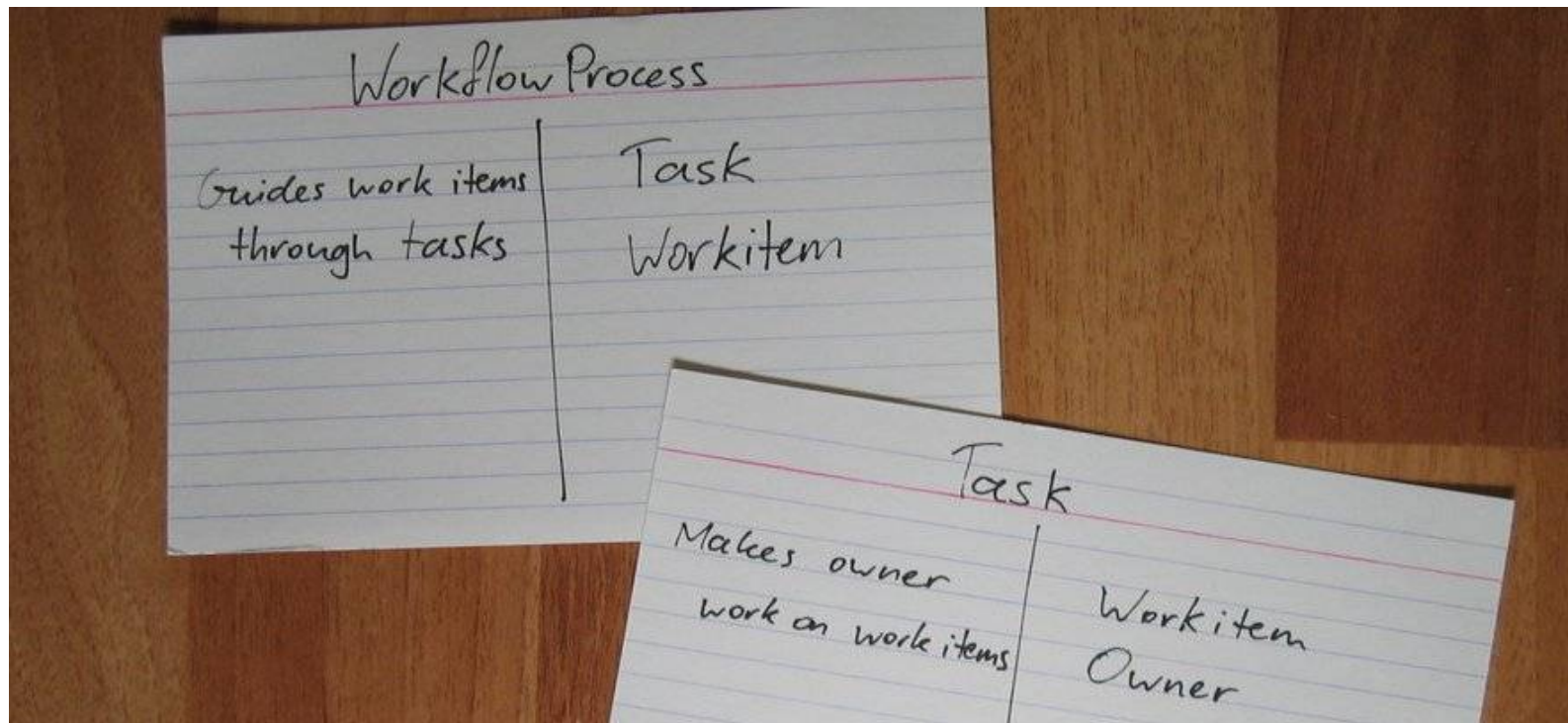
Interaction based testing

```
startingWorkflowInitiatesTask {  
    task = new mock();  
    process = new WorkflowProcess(task);  
    task expects start with workItem  
    process.start(workItem);  
}
```



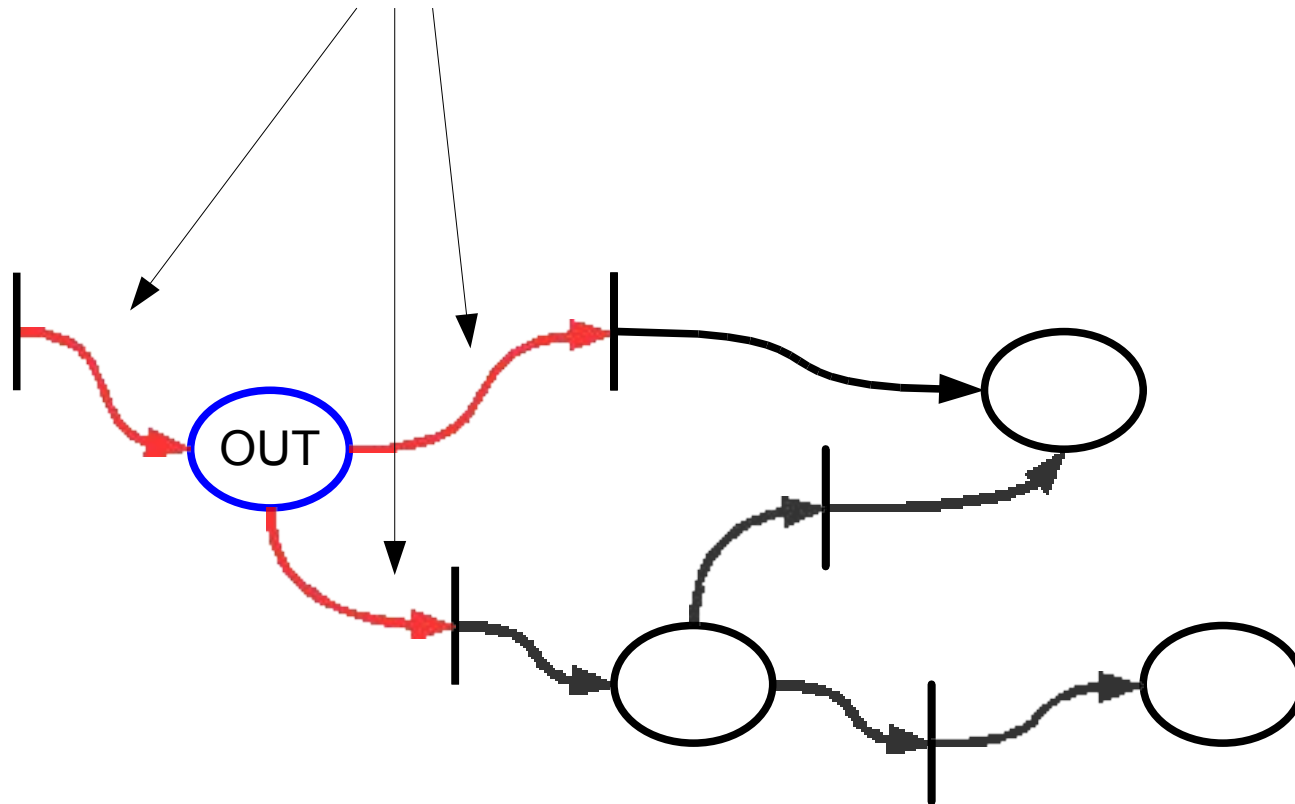
Responsibility driven testing

```
startingWorkflowInitiatesTask {  
    task = new mock();  
    process = new WorkflowProcess(task);  
    task expects start with workItem  
    process.start(workItem);  
}
```

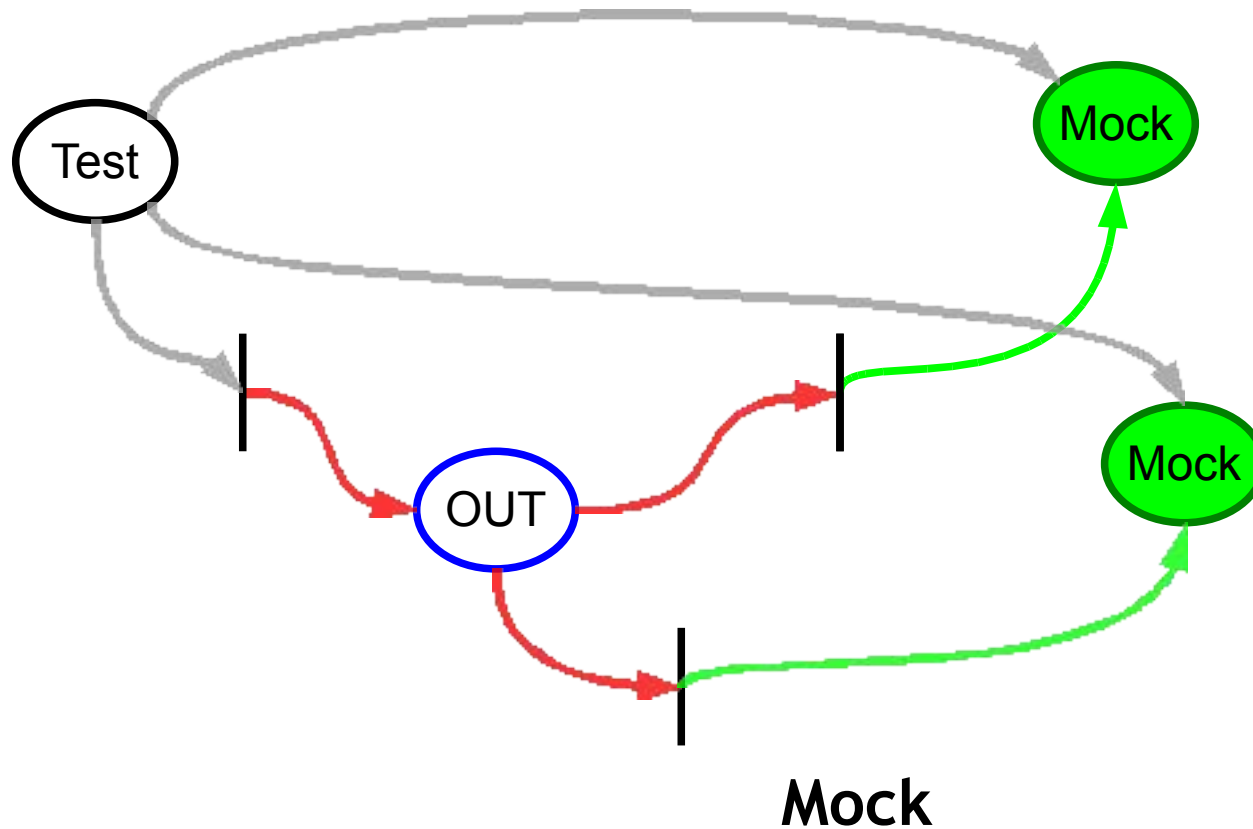


Testing with mocks

test **interactions** rather than state changes



Testing with mocks



Mock
object pre-programmed with expectations which form a specification of the calls it is expected to receive

Workflow Process

Guides work items
through tasks

Task

Workitem

Task

Makes owner
work on work items

Workitem

Owner

Owner

Performs task

Task

Task Sequence

Runs workitem
through list of tasks

Task

WorkItem

Work Item

Mockito

```
public class WorkflowProcessTest {  
  
    @Test  
    public void startingAProcessInitiatesATask () {  
  
        WorkflowProcess process = new WorkflowProcess (task);  
  
        process.start (workItem);  
  
    }  
}
```

Mockito

```
public class WorkflowProcessTest {  
  
    @Test  
    public void startingAProcessInitiatesATask () {  
  
        WorkflowProcess process = new WorkflowProcess (task);  
  
        process.start (workItem);  
  
        verify (task).start (workItem);  
    }  
}
```

Mockito

```
import static org.mockito.Mockito.*;

public class WorkflowProcessTest {

    @Test
    public void startingAProcessInitiatesATask () {
        Task task = mock(Task.class);
        WorkItem workItem = mock(WorkItem.class);

        WorkflowProcess process = new WorkflowProcess(task);

        process.start(workItem);

        verify(task).start(workItem);
    }
}
```

Live demo!

Steps

1. Starting a Process should initiate a Task
2. Starting a SimpleTask should notify its Worker
3. Finishing a Task should notify its Parent
4. Finishing all tasks in a process should finish WorkItem
5. Starting a sequence task should start first task in sequence
6. Finishing a task in a sequence should start next task
7. Last finishing task in sequence should notify its parent
8. Starting an empty sequence should notify its parent directly that it is done
9. A Worker should notify the responsible person by email

Guidelines

- Tell, don't ask
 - getters are evil
 - no asserts
- Be also explicit what should *not* happen
- Specify as little as possible
- Don't add behaviour to mocks
- Only mock types you own
 - use wrappers for others
- Don't mock everything

Issues

- Duplicating implementation in tests
- Brittle tests
- Keeping specs and implementation in sync
- Too many mocks or complex mock setup
 - hint: too many dependencies ...
- Making assumptions about collaborators
 - might turn out to be wrong
- Too many interfaces

Summary

- Taking TDD a step further
- OO is about responsibilities, not state
 - focus on roles & interactions
- More specific tests
- Better design
 - low coupling, high cohesion
- Beware of brittle tests
- Don't mock what you don't own

More information

www.jmock.org, www.mockito.org

Steve Freeman, Nat Pryce, Tim Mackinnon, Joe Walnes, *Mock Roles, not Objects* (2004)

Martin Fowler, *Mocks Aren't Stubs* (2004)

Rebecca Wirfs-Brock & Alan McKean,
Object Design: Roles, Responsibilities, and Collaborations (2003)

Rob Westgeest & Marc Evers, *Responsibility Driven Design met Mock Objects* (2008)

Michael Feathers, *Working effectively with Legacy Code* (2004)

Mocking in other programming languages:
Mocha (Ruby), NMock (.NET)



Credits

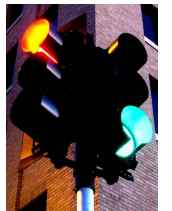
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